

Our Focus

he Nutrition Education Program works in all 120 counties to improve the lives of limited-resource Kentuckians through education and changes in behavior and in community. Through the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education (SNAP-Ed) and the Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP), the University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service has agents and nutrition assistants across the state who are dedicated to improving lives in their communities.



Our Challenge

Poverty

In Kentucky, household median income is \$46,659, which is much lower than the U.S. median of \$57,617. Kentucky has high rates of poverty and food insecurity when compared to the United States as a whole.

	Kentucky	U.S.
Total Poverty	18.5%	14.4%
Child Poverty	25%	19.8%
Food Insecurity	17.3%	13%
Very Low Food Secure	7.4%	5.2%

In 2014, an estimated **3,489** Morgan County residents lived in poverty, and **958** of them were children. This is a **4.1%** increase in total poverty and **-6.2%** decrease in child poverty since 2007.²

SNAP benefits

Participation in the SNAP program among those who are eligible for its benefits is higher in Kentucky than in the U.S. as a whole.¹

In 2015, **3,008** Morgan County residents received SNAP benefits, a **2.6%** increase since 2007.³

	Kentucky	U.S.
SNAP Participation	91%	83%



Obesity

Nearly half of all American adults experience one or more preventable, diet-related chronic conditions, such as high blood pressure, cardiovascular disease, type 2 diabetes, and obesity. Kentucky has a high prevalence of hypertension, diabetes, and obesity, ranking in the top 10 when compared to other states. A large body of evidence shows that healthy eating habits and regular physical activity can help people achieve and maintain good health and reduce the risk of chronic disease throughout life.

In 2013, **3,753** Morgan County residents were considered obese, representing **35.5%** (**30.9%-40.1%**) of the county's population.⁶

Our Solution

Provide hands-on, nutrition education to limited-resource audiences, focusing on:

- Buying and preparing healthy foods
- Developing new meal planning and cooking skills
- Adopting new healthy lifestyle behaviors
- Managing SNAP resources

In 2017, **9,176** Morgan County residents with limited resources participated in nutrition education lessons.

Our Results

IN KENTUCKY

Lifestyle improvements

In 2017, 98% of adult participants made a positive change in food group choices and 81% showed improvement in one or more food safety practices. In addition, 71% began to plan meals in advance more often and 73% used the "Nutrition Facts" on food labels to make food choices more often. Youth participants also experienced behavior changes, with 85% improving their ability to choose healthy foods.

Our Success

Food safety lessons help keep families healthy

ood safety can present a big problem, especially in warm weather. Many people don't understand the different factors that can make foods hazardous to their health. Certain segments of the population also are more likely to get seriously ill from food poisoning, including those 65 and older, young people and those with compromised immune systems. The Cooperative Extension NEP assistant taught adults to keep food safe and to understand food danger zones, and proper storage and preparation. These skills help prevent food waste and keep families healthy. Because of these lessons, 66% of participants said they are putting food in the refrigerator within two hours, using food thermometers to ensure food is cooked to the correct temperature and putting frozen food in the refrigerator to thaw instead of on the counter. These practices will keep food safe for their families.



University of Kentucky Nutrition Education Program Family and Consumer Sciences Extension

SOURCES: 1. Frac.org/reports-and-resources/national-and-state-program-data-2, accessed December 2017; 2. U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates; 3. Kentucky Department for Public Health, Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Statewide Summaries, December 2007, 2013, 2015; 4. 2015-2020 Dietary Guidelines for Americans; 5. Stateofobesity.org, accessed December 2017; 6. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), County Data Indicators, Obesity Prevalence



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