

Our Focus

he Nutrition Education Program works in all 120 counties to improve the lives of limited-resource Kentuckians through education and changes in behavior and in community. Through the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education (SNAP-Ed) and the Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP), the University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service has agents and nutrition assistants across the state who are dedicated to improving lives in their communities.



Our Challenge

Poverty

In Kentucky, household median income is \$46,659, which is much lower than the U.S. median of \$57,617. Kentucky has high rates of poverty and food insecurity when compared to the United States as a whole.

	Kentucky	U.S.
Total Poverty	18.5%	14.4%
Child Poverty	25%	19.8%
Food Insecurity	17.3%	13%
Very Low Food Secure	7.4%	5.2%

In 2014, an estimated **7,267** Clay County residents lived in poverty, and **1,982** of them were children. This is a **-19.2%** decrease in total poverty and **-21.0%** decrease in child poverty since 2007.²

SNAP benefits

Participation in the SNAP program among those who are eligible for its benefits is higher in Kentucky than in the U.S. as a whole.¹

In 2015, **7,834** Clay County residents received SNAP benefits, a **7.6%** increase since 2007.³

	Kentucky	U.S.
SNAP Participation	91%	83%



Obesity

Nearly half of all American adults experience one or more preventable, diet-related chronic conditions, such as high blood pressure, cardiovascular disease, type 2 diabetes, and obesity.⁴ Kentucky has a high prevalence of hypertension, diabetes, and obesity, ranking in the top 10 when compared to other states.⁵ A large body of evidence shows that healthy eating habits and regular physical activity can help people achieve and maintain good health and reduce the risk of chronic disease throughout life.⁴

In 2013, **6,187** Clay County residents were considered obese, representing **38.0% (31.6%-44.2%)** of the county's population.⁶

Our Solution

Provide hands-on, nutrition education to limited-resource audiences, focusing on:

- Buying and preparing healthy foods
- Developing new meal planning and cooking skills
- Adopting new healthy lifestyle behaviors
- Managing SNAP resources

In 2017, **7,975** Clay County residents with limited resources participated in nutrition education lessons.

Our Results

IN CLAY COUNTY

Lifestyle improvements

In 2017, 95% of adult participants made a positive change in food group choices and 88% showed improvement in one or more food safety practices. In addition, 69% began to plan meals in advance more often and 70% used the "Nutrition Facts" on food labels to make food choices more often. Youth participants also experienced behavior changes, with 89% improving their ability to choose healthy foods.

Our Success

Growing (and eating) your own produce from container gardening

ccording to Kentuckyhealthfacts.org, only 5% of adults living in Clay County eat five or more servings of fruits and vegetables per day. In 2016, the NEP assistant worked with participants to grow container gardens. The project showed participants that they did not need a lot of space to grow tomatoes, peppers and many other vegetables. In 2017, 27% of those participants grew their own vegetable gardens. They have also taught other family members and neighbors how to grow a container garden.



University of Kentucky Nutrition Education Program Family and Consumer Sciences Extension

SOURCES: 1. Frac.org/reports-and-resources/national-and-state-program-data-2, accessed December 2017; 2. U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates; 3. Kentucky Department for Public Health, Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Statewide Summaries, December 2007, 2013, 2015; 4. 2015-2020 Dietary Guidelines for Americans; 5. Stateofobesity.org, accessed December 2017; 6. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), County Data Indicators, Obesity Prevalence

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